In the Claims:

- (Original) A method of altering a pile fabric having a multitude of projecting fibers of a given length, the method comprising:
- (a) illuminating the pile fabric at spaced areas in a stochastic image pattern to shorten the fibers within the area of illumination: and
 - (b) maintaining the given length of fibers adjacent the illuminated area.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising providing the spaced areas at a distance selected to maintain a hand of the pile fabric.
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising shortening substantially all the fibers within an illuminated area.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising illuminating the spaced areas by a circular pattern.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising illuminating at least 25 areas per inch.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising substantially eliminating the fibers within an illuminated area.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein illuminating the pile fabric includes illuminating one of a polyester fiber, a napped fiber, a flocked fiber, a fleece fiber, or a corduroy wale.
- 8. (Original) A method of imparting a contour to a given region of a pile fabric, the pile fabric having a multitude of projecting fibers of an original height, the method comprising:
- (a) illuminating the given region at a plurality of spaced illuminating areas in a dithered image with a laser to shorten the fibers within the illuminated areas, each

illuminated area being less than 1000 microns, and maintaining original fiber height in a non-illuminated area.

- (Original) The method of Claim 8, further comprising selecting an energy density within the illuminated area to melt a length of the fibers within the illuminated area.
- 10. (Original) The method of Claim 8, further comprising selecting an energy density, illumination area and duration to shorten the fibers within the illuminated area.
- (Original) The method of Claim 8, further comprising substantially removing the fibers within the illuminated area.
- 12. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for modifying a pile fabric having a multitude of fibers with a given fiber length, comprising:
 - (a) a support surface for retaining a portion of the pile fabric;
 - (b) a laser: and
- (c) a controller connected to the laser to illuminate spaced areas of the pile fabric on the support surface with the illuminated area in a dithered image to shorten the fibers within the illuminated area and maintain the given fiber length within nonilluminated areas.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the controller is selected to locate the spaced areas a distance to produce a visually perceptible reduced height of the pile fabric and maintain a hand of the pile fabric.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A method of transforming a dyed polyester pile fabric, comprising:
- (a) illuminating the pile fabric at spaced illumination areas to shorten the fibers within the illumination area and redistribute the dye within the polyester; and

- (b) allowing the polyester to solidify and exhibit a redistributed dye within the polyester.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A pile fabric having a multitude of projecting fibers, comprising:
- (a) a plurality of spaced treated areas in a stochastic pattern within a region of the fabric, each treated area having a reduced fiber length.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The pile fabric of Claim 15, wherein the fibers are removed in the treated areas.
 - 17. (Original) A method of laser treating of a fleece, comprising:
- (a) illuminating spaced areas in a stochastic pattern to reduce a fiber height within the illuminated area; and
- (b) spacing the illuminated area a sufficient distance to preserve the hand of the fleece.
 - 18. (Original) A method of laser treating of a corduroy, comprising:
- (a) illuminating spaced areas in a stochastic pattern to reduce a fiber height within the illuminated area; and
- (b) spacing the illuminated area a sufficient distance to preserve the hand of the corduroy.